# SAFETY DATA SHEET Loefflers Methylene Blue

According to the REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 No. 758, as amended.

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name Loefflers Methylene Blue

Product number PL.7050, PL.7051

## 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Laboratory reagent.

**Uses advised against**No specific uses advised against are identified.

# 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

**Supplier** Pro-Lab Diagnostics

3 Bassendale Road

Wirral Merseyside CH62 3QL

Tel: 0151 353 1613 Fax: 0151 353 1614 mowen@pro-lab.com

## 1.4. Emergency telephone number

**Emergency telephone** +44 (0)151 353 1613 Monday to Friday 9.00 to 17.00

+44 (0)7714 429 646 outside the above hours

# SECTION 2: Hazards identification

# 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (SI 2019 No. 720)

Physical hazards Flam. Liq. 3 - H226

**Health hazards** Eye Irrit. 2 - H319

Environmental hazards Not Classified

Human health Irritating to eyes.

**Physicochemical** The product is flammable.

## 2.2. Label elements

# Hazard pictograms





Signal word Warning

Hazard statements H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

# Loefflers Methylene Blue

Precautionary statements P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

Supplementary precautionary

statements

P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical equipment.

P242 Use non-sparking tools.

P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.

P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Rinse skin with water or shower.

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog to extinguish.

#### 2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.2. Mixtures

ethanol 10 - <25%

CAS number: 64-17-5 EC number: 200-578-6

Substance with National workplace exposure limits.

Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319

methanol 1 - <2.5%

CAS number: 67-56-1 EC number: 200-659-6

Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Acute Tox. 3 - H301 Acute Tox. 3 - H311 Acute Tox. 3 - H331 STOT SE 1 - H370

potassium hydroxide <0.025%

CAS number: 1310-58-3 EC number: 215-181-3

Classification

Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Skin Corr. 1A - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

**General information** Keep affected person away from heat, sparks and flames.

**Inhalation** Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing. Get medical attention if symptoms are severe or persist.

**Ingestion** Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of

medical personnel. If in doubt, get medical attention promptly.

Skin contact Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contaminated clothing. Wash

contaminated clothing before reuse.

Eye contact Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Rinse immediately with

plenty of water. Get medical attention if symptoms are severe or persist after washing.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

**Inhalation** If large concentrations are inhaled: Dizziness. Drowsiness.

**Ingestion** May cause discomfort if swallowed.

Skin contact Causes mild skin irritation. Prolonged contact may cause redness, irritation and dry skin.

**Eye contact** Causes eye irritation. Redness. Profuse watering of the eyes. Itchiness.

## 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor

The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the

length of exposure.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

## 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards Flammable liquid and vapour. Vapours may be ignited by a spark, a hot surface or an ember.

## 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during

firefighting

Fight fire from safe distance or protected location. Use water spray to reduce vapours. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and

protect men stopping the leak.

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

Use air-supplied respirator, gloves and protective goggles. Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Use protective equipment appropriate for surrounding materials.

# SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

# 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**Personal precautions** Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. No smoking, sparks,

flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Provide adequate ventilation.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Take care as floors and other surfaces may become slippery. Contain spillage with sand,

earth or other suitable non-combustible material. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the

requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections For personal protection, see Section 8. For waste disposal, see Section 13. See Section 11

for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on

ecological hazards.

#### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions Avoid breathing vapours. Avoid contact with eyes and prolonged skin contact. Avoid the

formation of mists. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Wash

promptly with soap and water if skin becomes contaminated.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

**Storage precautions** Keep at temperature not exceeding 25°C.

Storage class Flammable liquid storage.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

## Occupational exposure limits

#### ethanol

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1000 ppm 1920 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

#### methanol

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 200 ppm 266 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 250 ppm 333 mg/m³ Sk

#### potassium hydroxide

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 2 mg/m³

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit. Sk = Can be absorbed through the skin.

methanol (CAS: 67-56-1)

**DNEL** Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 260 mg/m³

Workers - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 260 mg/m³ Workers - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 260 mg/m³ Workers - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 260 mg/m³ Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 40 mg/kg/day

Workers - Dermal; Short term systemic effects: 40 mg/kg/day

General population - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 50 mg/m³ General population - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 50 mg/m³ General population - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 50 mg/m³ General population - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 50 mg/m³ General population - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 8 mg/kg/day General population - Dermal; Short term systemic effects: 8 mg/kg/day General population - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 8 mg/kg/day General population - Oral; Short term systemic effects: 8 mg/kg/day

PNEC - Fresh water; 20.8 mg/l

- Fresh water, Intermittent release; 1540 mg/l

- marine water; 2.08 mg/l

- STP; 100 mg/l

Sediment (Freshwater); 77 mg/kgSediment (Marinewater); 7.7 mg/kg

- Soil; 100 mg/kg

# potassium hydroxide (CAS: 1310-58-3)

**DNEL** Workers - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 1 mg/m³

General population - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 1 mg/m³

# 8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray/mists. Good general ventilation should be adequate to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.

Eye/face protection

Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. The following protection should be worn: Chemical splash goggles.

Hand protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. Frequent changes are recommended. The breakthrough time for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers.

Other skin and body protection

Wear anti-static protective clothing if there is a risk of ignition from static electricity.

Hygiene measures

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Liquid.

Colour Blue.

Odour Alcoholic.

pH Not relevant.

# Loefflers Methylene Blue

Melting point Not relevant.

Initial boiling point and range 78 - 100°C @ 1013 hPa

Flash point ~ 20°C

Evaporation rate Not determined.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not determined.

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

Not determined.

Vapour pressure Not determined.

Vapour density Not relevant.

Relative density Not determined.

Solubility(ies) Soluble in water.

Partition coefficient Not determined.

Auto-ignition temperature Not determined.

**Decomposition Temperature** Not determined.

Viscosity Not determined.

**Explosive properties** Not considered to be explosive.

Oxidising properties Does not meet the criteria for classification as oxidising.

9.2. Other information

Other information None.

#### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

# 10.1. Reactivity

**Reactivity**No test data specifically related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.

## 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous

Acids. Alkalis. Oxidising agents.

reactions

products

10.4. Conditions to avoid

**Conditions to avoid** Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Acids. Alkalis. Oxidising agents.

## 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition

Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances:

Carbon dioxide (CO2). Carbon monoxide (CO). Nitrous gases (NOx). Hydrocarbons. Does not

decompose when used and stored as recommended.

# SECTION 11: Toxicological information

# 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

# Loefflers Methylene Blue

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD50) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

**ATE oral (mg/kg)** 26,531.59

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD<sub>50</sub>) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

**ATE dermal (mg/kg)** 26,531.59

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC50) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

ATE inhalation (gases ppm) 61,907.05

ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l) 265.32

Skin corrosion/irritation

**Animal data**Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory sensitisation

**Respiratory sensitisation** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

**Skin sensitisation**Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

**Genotoxicity - in vitro**Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

**Carcinogenicity** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

**STOT - single exposure** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

**STOT - repeated exposure** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Aspiration hazard Not anticipated to present an aspiration hazard, based on chemical structure.

**Inhalation** No adverse effects known. May cause respiratory system irritation.

Ingestion No adverse effects known. May cause discomfort if swallowed.

**Skin contact** No adverse effects known. Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.

**Eye contact** Causes eye irritation.

Toxicological information on ingredients.

ethanol

Acute toxicity - oral

# **Loefflers Methylene Blue**

Acute toxicity oral (LD50

mg/kg)

10,470.0

Species Rat

Notes (oral LD<sub>50</sub>) REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are

not met.

**ATE oral (mg/kg)** 10,470.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation (LC₅ vapours mg/l)

124.7

**Species** Rat

Notes (inhalation LC<sub>50</sub>) REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are

not met.

ATE inhalation (vapours

mg/l)

124.7

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Dose: 0.2 ml, 24 hours, Rabbit Primary dermal irritation index: 0 / 8 REACH dossier

information. Not irritating.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye

damage/irritation

Dose: 0.1 mL, 21 days, Rabbit Causes eye irritation. REACH dossier information.

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation Rat: Not sensitising. REACH dossier information. Based on available data the

classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Guinea pig maximization test (GPMT) - Guinea pig: Not sensitising. REACH dossier

information. Read across data. Based on available data the classification criteria

are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

**Genotoxicity - in vitro**Gene mutation: Negative. REACH dossier information. Based on available data the

classification criteria are not met.

Genotoxicity - in vivo Chromosome aberration: Negative. REACH dossier information. Based on available

data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

IARC carcinogenicity IARC Group 1 Carcinogenic to humans.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity -

fertility

Two-generation study - NOAEL 15 %, Oral, Mouse P REACH dossier information.

Reproductive toxicity -

development

Maternal toxicity: - NOAEL: 16000 ppm, Inhalation, Rat REACH dossier information.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

# Loefflers Methylene Blue

STOT - repeated exposure LOAEL 4 mL/Kg, Oral, Rat REACH dossier information. Based on available data

the classification criteria are not met.

methanol

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD<sub>50</sub>) International Programme on Chemical Safety (IPCS) (1997) Environmental Health

Criteria 196: Methanol. Geneva, World Health Organization. Toxic if swallowed.

**ATE oral (mg/kg)** 100.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD50) Converted acute toxicity point estimate (cATpE) Toxic in contact with skin.

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC<sub>50</sub>) Converted acute toxicity point estimate (cATpE) Toxic if inhaled.

ATE inhalation (gases

ppm)

700.0

ATE inhalation (vapours

mg/l

3.0

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Dose: 2.5cm x 2.5cm, 20 hours, Rabbit Erythema/eschar score: No erythema (0).

Oedema score: No oedema (0). REACH dossier information. Based on available

data the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye Dose: 0.05 ml, 24 hours, Rabbit REACH dossier information. Based on available

data the classification criteria are not met.

damage/irritation
Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Guinea pig maximization test (GPMT) - Guinea pig: Not sensitising. REACH dossier

information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

**Genotoxicity - in vitro**Bacterial reverse mutation test: Negative. REACH dossier information. Based on

available data the classification criteria are not met.

Genotoxicity - in vivo Chromosome aberration: Negative. REACH dossier information. Based on available

data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure STOT SE 1 - H370

Target organs Eyes Central nervous system

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure LOAEL 2340 mg/kg/day, Oral, Monkey REACH dossier information. Based on

available data the classification criteria are not met.

potassium hydroxide

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅o

mg/kg)

333.0

# **Loefflers Methylene Blue**

**Species** Rat

Notes (oral LD₅o) REACH dossier information. Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Harmful if swallowed.

**ATE oral (mg/kg)** 333.0

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Skin Corr. 1A - H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. REACH dossier

information.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye Dose: 0.1 ml (0.1 - 5%), 5 minutes, Rabbit REACH dossier information. Eye Dam. 1

damage/irritation - H318 Causes serious eye damage.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Intracutaneus test - Guinea pig: Not sensitising. REACH dossier information. Based

on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro Bacterial reverse mutation test: Negative. REACH dossier information. Based on

available data the classification criteria are not met.

#### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

## 12.1. Toxicity

**Toxicity** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. However, large or frequent

spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.

#### Ecological information on ingredients.

#### ethanol

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: 14200 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow)

REACH dossier information.

Acute toxicity - aquatic

LC<sub>50</sub>, 48 hours: 5012 mg/l, Ceriodaphnia dubia

invertebrates

REACH dossier information.

Acute toxicity - aquatic

EC₅o, 72 hours: 275 mg/l, Chlorella vulgaris

plants

REACH dossier information.

Chronic aquatic toxicity

Chronic toxicity - fish early

NOEC, 120 hours: 250 mg/l, Brachydanio rerio (Zebra Fish)

life stage

Chronic toxicity - aquatic

NOEC, 9 days: 9.6 mg/l, Daphnia magna

invertebrates

REACH dossier information.

methanol

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: 15400 mg/l, Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill)

EC₅₀, 96 hours: 12700 mg/l, Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill)

REACH dossier information.

Acute toxicity - aquatic

EC₅o, 96 hours: 18260 mg/l, Daphnia magna

invertebrates

REACH dossier information.

# Loefflers Methylene Blue

Acute toxicity - aquatic

EC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: ~ 22000 mg/l, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata

plants

REACH dossier information.

Acute toxicity -

IC<sub>50</sub>, 3 hours: >1000 mg/l, Activated sludge

microorganisms

REACH dossier information.

potassium hydroxide

**Toxicity** The product may affect the acidity (pH) of water which may have hazardous effects

on aquatic organisms.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability There are no data on the degradability of this product. Volatile substances are degraded in the

atmosphere within a few days.

Ecological information on ingredients.

ethanol

Biodegradation Water - Degradation (74%): 10 days

REACH dossier information.

The substance is readily biodegradable.

Chemical oxygen demand 1.99 g O<sub>2</sub>/g substance REACH dossier information.

methanol

Phototransformation Water - DT<sub>50</sub>: 17.2 days

REACH dossier information.

**Biodegradation** Water - Degradation (95%): 20 days

Water - Degradation (91%): 15 days Water - Degradation (88%): 10 days Water - Degradation (76%): 5 days

REACH dossier information.

The substance is readily biodegradable.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential Not determined.

Partition coefficient Not determined.

Ecological information on ingredients.

ethanol

Partition coefficient log Pow: - 0.35 REACH dossier information.

methanol

Partition coefficient log Pow: -0.77 REACH dossier information.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility The product contains organic solvents which will evaporate easily from all surfaces. The

product contains substances which are water-soluble and may spread in water systems.

Ecological information on ingredients.

ethanol

**Surface tension** 24.5 mN/m @ 20°C/68°F REACH dossier information.

methanol

**Mobility** Mobile.

## 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

assessment

Ecological information on ingredients.

## ethanol

**Results of PBT and vPvB** This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current UK criteria. assessment

## methanol

**Results of PBT and vPvB** This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current UK criteria. assessment

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects Not relevant.

# SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

# 13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. Dispose of surplus products and those that

cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Residues and empty containers should be taken care of as hazardous waste according to local and national provisions.

Disposal methods Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Place waste in labelled,

sealed containers. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with national regulations.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### 14.1. UN number

**UN No. (ADR/RID)** 1993

**UN No. (IMDG)** 1993

**UN No. (ICAO)** 1993

**UN No. (ADN)** 1993

## 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name

FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (ethanol)

(ADR/RID)

Proper shipping name (IMDG) FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (ethanol)

Proper shipping name (ICAO) FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (ethanol)

Proper shipping name (ADN) FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (ethanol)

#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID class 3

ADR/RID classification code F1

ADR/RID label 3

IMDG class 3

ICAO class/division 3

ADN class 3

## Transport labels



## 14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID packing group III

III

IMDG packing group

ICAO packing group

ADN packing group

## 14.5. Environmental hazards

#### Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant

No.

## 14.6. Special precautions for user

**EmS** F-E, S-E

ADR transport category 3

Emergency Action Code •3Y

Hazard Identification Number 30

(ADR/RID)

Tunnel restriction code (D/E)

## 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not relevant.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78

and the IBC Code

# SECTION 15: Regulatory information

## 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.

The REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 No. 758, as amended. The Chemicals (Health and Safety) and Genetically Modified Organisms (Contained Use)

(Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 No. 720, as amended.

**EU legislation** Council Directive of 20 May 1975 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States

relating to aerosol dispensers (75/324/EEC).

# 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

#### SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Road.

ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Inland Waterways.

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate. BCF: Bioconcentration Factor. DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.

EC₅: 50% of maximal Effective Concentration. IATA: International Air Transport Association.

ICAO: Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air.

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.

LC50: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population.

LD50: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose).

NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level. NOEC: No Observed Effect Concentration. PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.

RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail.

Classification abbreviations

and acronyms

Flam. Liq. = Flammable liquid

Eye Irrit. = Eye irritation

Eye Dam. = Serious eye damage Acute Tox. = Acute toxicity

STOT SE = Specific target organ toxicity-single exposure

Skin Corr. = Skin corrosion

Classification procedures according to SI 2019 No. 720

Flam. Liq. 3 - H226: Expert judgement. Eye Irrit. 2 - H319: Calculation method.

**Revision comments** Revised regulations.

Revision date 26/09/2022

Revision 8

Supersedes date 01/10/2017

SDS number 806

Hazard statements in full H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H301 Toxic if swallowed. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H311 Toxic in contact with skin.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H331 Toxic if inhaled.

H370 Causes damage to organs.

The information in this safety data sheet was obtained from current and reliable sources. However, the data is provided without warranty, expressed or implied, regarding its correctness or accuracy. Since the conditions for use, handling, storage and disposal of this product are beyond Pro-Lab Diagnostics control, it is the users responsibility to perform thorough testing of this product when used in combination with any other product. It is suggested that users familiarise themselves with this safety data sheet before handling the product.