# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

## **Auramine Differentiator**

According to the REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 No. 758, as amended.

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name Auramine Differentiator

**Product number** PL.7036, PL.7037, PL.7038, PL.7036/25, PL.7036/100

## 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Identified uses** Laboratory reagent.

**Uses advised against**No specific uses advised against are identified.

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

**Supplier** Pro-Lab Diagnostics

3 Bassendale Road

Wirral Merseyside CH62 3QL

Tel: 0151 353 1613 Fax: 0151 353 1614 mowen@pro-lab.com

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

**Emergency telephone** +44 (0)151 353 1613 Monday to Friday 9.00 to 17.00

+44 (0)7714 429 646 outside the above hours

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

## 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (SI 2019 No. 720)

Physical hazards Flam. Liq. 2 - H225

Health hazards Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 2 - H371

Environmental hazards Not Classified

Human health May irritate eyes. Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure

through inhalation.

**Physicochemical** The product is highly flammable.

## 2.2. Label elements

### Hazard pictograms







Signal word

Danger

Hazard statements H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H371 May cause damage to organs .

### **Auramine Differentiator**

### Precautionary statements

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Rinse skin with water or shower.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P312 Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor if you feel unwell.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

Contains methanol

Supplementary precautionary statements

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical equipment.

P242 Use non-sparking tools.

P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.

P260 Do not breathe vapour/ spray. P261 Avoid breathing vapour/ spray.

P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P308+P311 IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog to extinguish.

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

## 2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

## 3.2. Mixtures

ethanol 50 - 100%

CAS number: 64-17-5 EC number: 200-578-6

Substance with National workplace exposure limits.

Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319

methanol 2.5 - <5%

CAS number: 67-56-1 EC number: 200-659-6

Classification

Flam. Liq. 2 - H225 Acute Tox. 3 - H301

Acute Tox. 3 - H311

Acute Tox. 3 - H331

STOT SE 1 - H370

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hydrochloric acid 0.025 - 0.5%

CAS number: 7647-01-0 EC number: 231-595-7

Classification

Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 STOT SE 3 - H335

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

**General information** Keep affected person away from heat, sparks and flames.

Inhalation Immediate first aid is imperative. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. Maintain an

open airway. Move affected person to fresh air at once. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. When breathing is difficult,

properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen.

**Ingestion** Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of

medical personnel. If in doubt, get medical attention promptly.

Skin contact Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contaminated clothing. Wash

contaminated clothing before reuse.

**Eye contact** Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Rinse immediately with

plenty of water. Get medical attention if symptoms are severe or persist after washing.

## 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

**Inhalation** Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Coughing, chest tightness,

feeling of chest pressure. Drowsiness, dizziness, disorientation, vertigo. May cause

discomfort.

**Ingestion** May cause discomfort if swallowed.

**Skin contact** Prolonged contact may cause redness, irritation and dry skin.

**Eye contact** Causes eye irritation.

## 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor

The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the

length of exposure.

### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog.

Unsuitable extinguishing

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

media

## 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards Flammable liquid and vapour. Vapours may be ignited by a spark, a hot surface or an ember.

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

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Protective actions during firefighting

Fight fire from safe distance or protected location. Use water spray to reduce vapours. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and protect men stopping the leak.

Special protective equipment for firefighters

Use air-supplied respirator, gloves and protective goggles. Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Use protective equipment appropriate for surrounding materials.

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**Personal precautions** Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. No smoking, sparks,

flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Provide adequate ventilation.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

**Environmental precautions** Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses.

## 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Take care as floors and other surfaces may become slippery. Contain spillage with sand,

earth or other suitable non-combustible material. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the

requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections For personal protection, see Section 8. For waste disposal, see Section 13. See Section 11

for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on

ecological hazards.

### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

**Usage precautions**Avoid breathing vapours. Avoid contact with eyes and prolonged skin contact. Avoid the

formation of mists. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Wash

promptly with soap and water if skin becomes contaminated.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

**Storage precautions** Keep at temperature not exceeding 25°C.

Storage class Flammable liquid storage.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

# Occupational exposure limits

### ethanol

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1000 ppm 1920 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

#### methanol

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Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 200 ppm 266 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 250 ppm 333 mg/m³ Ct.

#### hydrochloric acid

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1 ppm 2 mg/m³ gas and aerosol mists Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 5 ppm 8 mg/m³ gas and aerosol mists WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit. Sk = Can be absorbed through the skin.

## methanol (CAS: 67-56-1)

**DNEL** Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 260 mg/m³

Workers - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 260 mg/m³ Workers - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 260 mg/m³ Workers - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 260 mg/m³ Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 40 mg/kg/day Workers - Dermal; Short term systemic effects: 40 mg/kg/day

General population - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 50 mg/m³ General population - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 50 mg/m³ General population - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 50 mg/m³ General population - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 50 mg/m³ General population - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 8 mg/kg/day General population - Oral; Short term systemic effects: 8 mg/kg/day General population - Oral; Short term systemic effects: 8 mg/kg/day General population - Oral; Short term systemic effects: 8 mg/kg/day

PNEC - Fresh water; 20.8 mg/l

- Fresh water, Intermittent release; 1540 mg/l

- marine water; 2.08 mg/l

- STP; 100 mg/l

Sediment (Freshwater); 77 mg/kgSediment (Marinewater); 7.7 mg/kg

- Soil; 100 mg/kg

## 8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray/mists. Good general ventilation should be adequate to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.

Eye/face protection

Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. The following protection should be worn: Chemical splash goggles.

Hand protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. Frequent changes are recommended. The breakthrough time for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers.

Other skin and body protection

Wear anti-static protective clothing if there is a risk of ignition from static electricity.

Hygiene measures

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented.

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supervisor on the company's respiratory protection standards. Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation

of contaminants is possible.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Liquid.

Colour Colourless.

Odour Alcoholic.

pH Not relevant.

Melting point Not relevant.

Initial boiling point and range 78 - 100°C @ 1013 hPa

Flash point ~ 21°C

Evaporation rate Not determined.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not determined.

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

Not determined.

Vapour pressure Not determined.

Vapour density Not relevant.

Relative density Not determined.

Solubility(ies) Soluble in water.

Partition coefficient Not determined.

Auto-ignition temperature Not determined.

**Decomposition Temperature** Not determined.

Viscosity Not determined.

**Explosive properties** Not considered to be explosive.

Oxidising properties Does not meet the criteria for classification as oxidising.

9.2. Other information

Other information None.

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity No test data specifically related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stability Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.

# 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous

ous

Acids. Alkalis. Oxidising agents.

reactions

### **Auramine Differentiator**

decompose when used and stored as recommended.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Acids. Alkalis. Oxidising agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition

Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances:

products Carbon dioxide (CO2). Carbon monoxide (CO). Nitrous gases (NOx). Hydrocarbons. Does not

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD<sub>50</sub>) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

**ATE oral (mg/kg)** 8,108.27

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD<sub>50</sub>) Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

**ATE dermal (mg/kg)** 8,108.27

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC<sub>50</sub>) Acute Tox. 4 - H332 Harmful if inhaled.

ATE inhalation (gases ppm) 18,919.3

ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l) 81.08

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Causes eye irritation.

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

**Skin sensitisation** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

**Genotoxicity - in vitro**Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure STOT SE 2 - H371

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

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Aspiration hazard Not anticipated to present an aspiration hazard, based on chemical structure.

**Inhalation** May be harmful if inhaled. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Pain

or irritation. Irritation of nose, throat and airway. Coughing. Wheezing/breathing difficulties.

**Ingestion** May cause discomfort if swallowed.

Skin contact No specific symptoms known. Prolonged and frequent contact may cause redness and

irritation.

**Eye contact** Irritating to eyes.

Acute and chronic health

hazards

Causes damage to organs .

## Toxicological information on ingredients.

#### ethanol

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅o

mg/kg)

10,470.0

**Species** Rat

Notes (oral LD<sub>50</sub>) REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are

not met.

**ATE oral (mg/kg)** 10,470.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation

(LC<sub>50</sub> vapours mg/l)

124.7

**Species** Rat

Notes (inhalation LC<sub>50</sub>) REACH dossier information. Based on available data the classification criteria are

not met.

ATE inhalation (vapours

mg/l)

124.7

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Dose: 0.2 ml, 24 hours, Rabbit Primary dermal irritation index: 0 / 8 REACH dossier

information. Not irritating.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation

Dose: 0.1 mL, 21 days, Rabbit Causes eye irritation. REACH dossier information.

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation Rat: Not sensitising. REACH dossier information. Based on available data the

classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Guinea pig maximization test (GPMT) - Guinea pig: Not sensitising. REACH dossier

information. Read across data. Based on available data the classification criteria

are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

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Genotoxicity - in vitro Gene mutation: Negative. REACH dossier information. Based on available data the

classification criteria are not met.

Chromosome aberration: Negative. REACH dossier information. Based on available Genotoxicity - in vivo

data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

IARC carcinogenicity IARC Group 1 Carcinogenic to humans.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity -

fertility

Two-generation study - NOAEL 15 %, Oral, Mouse P REACH dossier information.

Reproductive toxicity -

development

Maternal toxicity: - NOAEL: 16000 ppm, Inhalation, Rat REACH dossier information.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure LOAEL 4 mL/Kg, Oral, Rat REACH dossier information. Based on available data

the classification criteria are not met.

methanol

Acute toxicity - oral

Notes (oral LD₅₀) International Programme on Chemical Safety (IPCS) (1997) Environmental Health

Criteria 196: Methanol. Geneva, World Health Organization. Toxic if swallowed.

ATE oral (mg/kg) 100.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Notes (dermal LD50) Converted acute toxicity point estimate (cATpE) Toxic in contact with skin.

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Notes (inhalation LC50) Converted acute toxicity point estimate (cATpE) Toxic if inhaled.

ATE inhalation (gases

ppm)

700.0

ATE inhalation (vapours

mg/l)

3.0

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Dose: 2.5cm x 2.5cm, 20 hours, Rabbit Erythema/eschar score: No erythema (0).

Oedema score: No oedema (0). REACH dossier information. Based on available

data the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye damage/irritation Dose: 0.05 ml, 24 hours, Rabbit REACH dossier information. Based on available

data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Guinea pig maximization test (GPMT) - Guinea pig: Not sensitising. REACH dossier

information. Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Genotoxicity - in vitro Bacterial reverse mutation test: Negative. REACH dossier information. Based on

available data the classification criteria are not met.

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Genotoxicity - in vivo Chromosome aberration: Negative. REACH dossier information. Based on available

data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

STOT - single exposure STOT SE 1 - H370

Target organs Eyes Central nervous system

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure LOAEL 2340 mg/kg/day, Oral, Monkey REACH dossier information. Based on

available data the classification criteria are not met.

hydrochloric acid

Skin corrosion/irritation

Animal data Dose: 0.5 ml (37%), 1 / 4 hours, Rabbit REACH dossier information. Skin Corr. 1B -

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Serious eye Dose: 0.1 ml (10%), 1 second, Rabbit REACH dossier information. Eye Dam. 1 -

damage/irritation H318 Causes serious eye damage.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation Guinea pig maximization test (GPMT) - Guinea pig: Not sensitising. REACH dossier

information.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity NOAEL < 10 ppm, Inhalation, Rat REACH dossier information. No evidence of

carcinogenicity in animal studies.

**IARC carcinogenicity** IARC Group 3 Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

**STOT - single exposure** STOT SE 3 - H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure NOAEL 20 ppm, Inhalation, Rat REACH dossier information.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

**Toxicity**Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. However, large or frequent

spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.

Ecological information on ingredients.

ethanol

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: 14200 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow)

REACH dossier information.

Acute toxicity - aquatic

LC<sub>50</sub>, 48 hours: 5012 mg/l, Ceriodaphnia dubia

invertebrates

REACH dossier information.

Acute toxicity - aquatic

EC<sub>50</sub>, 72 hours: 275 mg/l, Chlorella vulgaris

plants

REACH dossier information.

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Chronic aquatic toxicity

Chronic toxicity - fish early NOEC, 120 hours: 250 mg/l, Brachydanio rerio (Zebra Fish)

life stage

Chronic toxicity - aquatic NOEC, 9 days: 9.6 mg/l, Daphnia magna

**invertebrates** REACH dossier information.

methanol

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: 15400 mg/l, Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill)

EC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: 12700 mg/l, Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill)

REACH dossier information.

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

EC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: 18260 mg/l, Daphnia magna

REACH dossier information.

Acute toxicity - aquatic

plants

EC₅o, 96 hours: ~ 22000 mg/l, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata

REACH dossier information.

Acute toxicity - IC₅₀, 3 hours: >1000 mg/l, Activated sludge

**microorganisms** REACH dossier information.

hydrochloric acid

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: pH 3.25 - 3.5, Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill)

REACH dossier information.

Acute toxicity - aquatic

invertebrates

NOEC, 48 hours: pH 5.5, Daphnia magna EC<sub>50</sub>, 48 hours: pH 4.92, Daphnia magna

REACH dossier information.

Acute toxicity - aquatic

plants

 $EC_{50}$ , 72 hours: pH 4.7 , Chlorella vulgaris

REACH dossier information.

**Acute toxicity -** EC₅₀, 3 hours: pH 5 - 5.5 , Activated sludge

microorganisms REACH dossier information.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability There are no data on the degradability of this product. Volatile substances are degraded in the

atmosphere within a few days.

Ecological information on ingredients.

ethanol

Biodegradation Water - Degradation (74%): 10 days

REACH dossier information.

The substance is readily biodegradable.

Chemical oxygen demand 1.99 g O<sub>2</sub>/g substance REACH dossier information.

methanol

Phototransformation Water - DT₅₀ : 17.2 days

REACH dossier information.

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**Biodegradation** Water - Degradation (95%): 20 days

Water - Degradation (91%): 15 days Water - Degradation (88%): 10 days Water - Degradation (76%): 5 days

REACH dossier information.

The substance is readily biodegradable.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential Not determined.

Partition coefficient Not determined.

Ecological information on ingredients.

ethanol

Partition coefficient log Pow: - 0.35 REACH dossier information.

methanol

**Partition coefficient** log Pow: -0.77 REACH dossier information.

12.4. Mobility in soil

**Mobility** The product contains organic solvents which will evaporate easily from all surfaces. The

product contains substances which are water-soluble and may spread in water systems.

Ecological information on ingredients.

ethanol

**Surface tension** 24.5 mN/m @ 20°C/68°F REACH dossier information.

methanol

Mobilety Mobile.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

assessment

Ecological information on ingredients.

ethanol

Results of PBT and vPvB This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current UK criteria.

assessment

methanol

Results of PBT and vPvB This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current UK criteria.

assessment

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects Not relevant.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

## **Auramine Differentiator**

General information Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. Dispose of surplus products and those that

cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Residues and empty containers should be taken care of as hazardous waste according to local and national provisions.

Disposal methods Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Place waste in labelled,

sealed containers. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with national regulations.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

### 14.1. UN number

UN No. (ADR/RID) 1993 UN No. (IMDG) 1993 UN No. (ICAO) 1993 UN No. (ADN) 1993

## 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name

FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (ethanol)

(ADR/RID)

Proper shipping name (IMDG) FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (ethanol)

Proper shipping name (ICAO) FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (ethanol)

Proper shipping name (ADN) FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (ethanol)

## 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID class 3

ADR/RID classification code F1

ADR/RID label 3

IMDG class 3

ICAO class/division 3

ADN class 3

### Transport labels



## 14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID packing group II

IMDG packing group II

ICAO packing group II

ADN packing group II

### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant

No.

## 14.6. Special precautions for user

**EmS** F-E, S-E

## **Auramine Differentiator**

ADR transport category 2

Emergency Action Code •3YE

Hazard Identification Number 33

(ADR/RID)

Tunnel restriction code (D/E)

## 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Not relevant.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78

and the IBC Code

### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

## 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.

The REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 No. 758, as amended. The Chemicals (Health and Safety) and Genetically Modified Organisms (Contained Use)

(Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 No. 720, as amended.

**EU legislation** Council Directive of 20 May 1975 on the approximation of the laws of the Member States

relating to aerosol dispensers (75/324/EEC).

## 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

## SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate.

used in the safety data sheet

cATpE: Converted acute toxicity point estimate.

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Road.

ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Inland Waterways.

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

ICAO: Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air.

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.

LC50: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population.

LD50: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose).

RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail.

Flam. Lig. 2 - H225: Expert judgement. Acute Tox. 4 - H332, Eye Irrit. 2 - H319, STOT SE 2 -

EC₅: 50% of maximal Effective Concentration. LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level. NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level.

Classification abbreviations

and acronyms

Acute Tox. = Acute toxicity

Eye Dam. = Serious eye damage

Eye Irrit. = Eye irritation Flam. Liq. = Flammable liquid Skin Corr. = Skin corrosion

STOT SE = Specific target organ toxicity-single exposure

14/15

Classification procedures

Revision comments

. 720 H371: Calculation method.

according to SI 2019 No. 720

Revised regulations.

## **Auramine Differentiator**

Revision date 26/09/2022

Revision 11

Supersedes date 28/08/2018

SDS number 768

Hazard statements in full H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H301 Toxic if swallowed.

H311 Toxic in contact with skin.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H331 Toxic if inhaled. H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H370 Causes damage to organs . H371 May cause damage to organs .

The information in this safety data sheet was obtained from current and reliable sources. However, the data is provided without warranty, expressed or implied, regarding its correctness or accuracy. Since the conditions for use, handling, storage and disposal of this product are beyond Pro-Lab Diagnostics control, it is the users responsibility to perform thorough testing of this product when used in combination with any other product. It is suggested that users familiarise themselves with this safety data sheet before handling the product.